

387/6 BC

Peace of ANTALCIDAS
or King's Peace
imposed on Greeks by Persian
king Artaxerxes II Mnemon
(485/4 - 359/8 BC)

387 B C

Santa defect Romans in River
ALLIA.

387Bc

TREATY OF ANTALCIDAS

- 1) Greek cities of Asia minor were given to Persia.
- 2) All other great cities were to be independent and were not to become a party to any league or alliance against Sparta, Sparta once again became leader of Greece but with ALKESILAKHUS at the head continued the policy.

of trying over the other hills.

387 BC

Demagistratus Rhegusius.

387 BC

After much fighting with
the Greeks ARTAXERXES II
secured the King's Peace (also
called the Peace of Antalcides)
in 387, whereby the Ionia
cities of Anatolia were returned
to Persian rule.

387 BC

Birth of Celtic ~~war~~ marauders
invaded Italy and wantonly
sacked Rome.

387Ae

1912 Dates J-BK

Peace of ANTALCIDAS

387 BC

Greek cities of Asia made
tributary to Persia.

387 BC

The Gauls, (had occupied Po Valley)
defeated the Roman Army at the
River Allia near Rome and took all
of Rome but the citadel, which held
out for months. Finally the Greek
city of Massilia (modern Marseilles)
came to the rescue and advanced
ransom money which the Gauls took;
they therefore withdrew to the north.
After the Gallic invasion (the

second crop failure - thousands of
citizens lost their houses and crops.

The embankment I dove in high after
and squally with the Palisades among
the rich glaciaries, and down the land
among the poor, was a painful one and
led to many deaths. Clarkson was
performed. (MILLUS are appointed
dictator

387 BC

Rome rebuilt after the Gallic invasion.

387 BC

CELTS

The Gauls (Celts) defeat the Roman Army on the Allia R.; advance on Rome; burn it and besiege the Capitol.

387 B.C.

Battle with Gauls at River Allia

Only a few years after the capture of Veii, Rome was almost ruined by a great Gallic invasion. These terrifying groups had long been filtering into and occupying the Po Valley, and now they determined to seize central Italy. They defeated the Roman army (387 B.C.) at the River Allia near Rome and took all of Rome but the citadel which held out for months. Finally the Greek city of Massilia (modern Marseilles) came to the rescue and advanced ransom money.

the establishment of deane for high office and equality
with the patrician among the noble plebeian, and
deane for land among the poor, was a powerful one,
and led to many riots. Elections were postponed.
Camille was appointed dictator. At last
LICINIUS & SEPTIUS, the tribunes of 367 B.C. needed
a compromise